

Semantic Technologies for Intelligence, Defense, and Security 2012

Ontological Considerations for Uncertainty Propagation in High Level Information Fusion

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Where Innovation Is Tradition



Introduction

- ❖ **Data explosion increases information fusion needs and opportunities**
- ❖ **Uncertainty pervades fusion**
- ❖ **Information fusion divided into**
 - **Low level: entity oriented, uncertainty reasonably understood**
 - **High level: relationship oriented – emphasis on symbolic techniques**
- ❖ **Multiple techniques for representing / assessing / uncertainty; no consensus on how to compare techniques**
- ❖ **Need to systematize understanding of where / how uncertainty occurs and interacts in a high level fusion process**

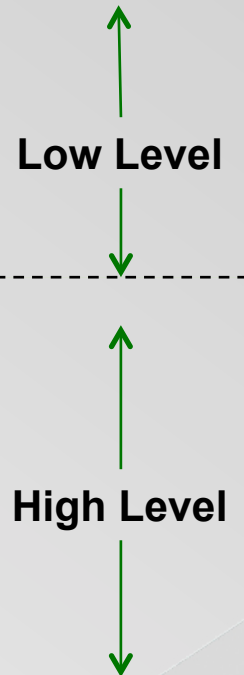
Outline

- ❖ **Fusion Level Definition**
- ❖ **Level 2 HLIF taxonomy**
- ❖ **Fusion model**
- ❖ **Uncertainty in fusion**
 - **Input (data) uncertainty**
 - **Representation uncertainty**
 - **Process uncertainty**
 - **Output uncertainty**
- ❖ **Conclusion**

Fusion Level Definitions

Modified Joint Directors of Laboratories (JDL) model

Level	Title	Definition
0	Signal / Feature Assessment	Estimate signal or feature state.
1	Entity Assessment	Estimation of entity parametric and attributive states (i.e. of entities considered as individuals)
2	Situation Assessment	Estimate the structures of parts of reality
3	Impact Assessment	Estimate the utility/cost of signal, entity or situation states, including predicted utility / cost given a system's alternative courses of action
4	Process Assessment	A system's self-estimate of its performance as compared to desired states and measures of effectiveness.

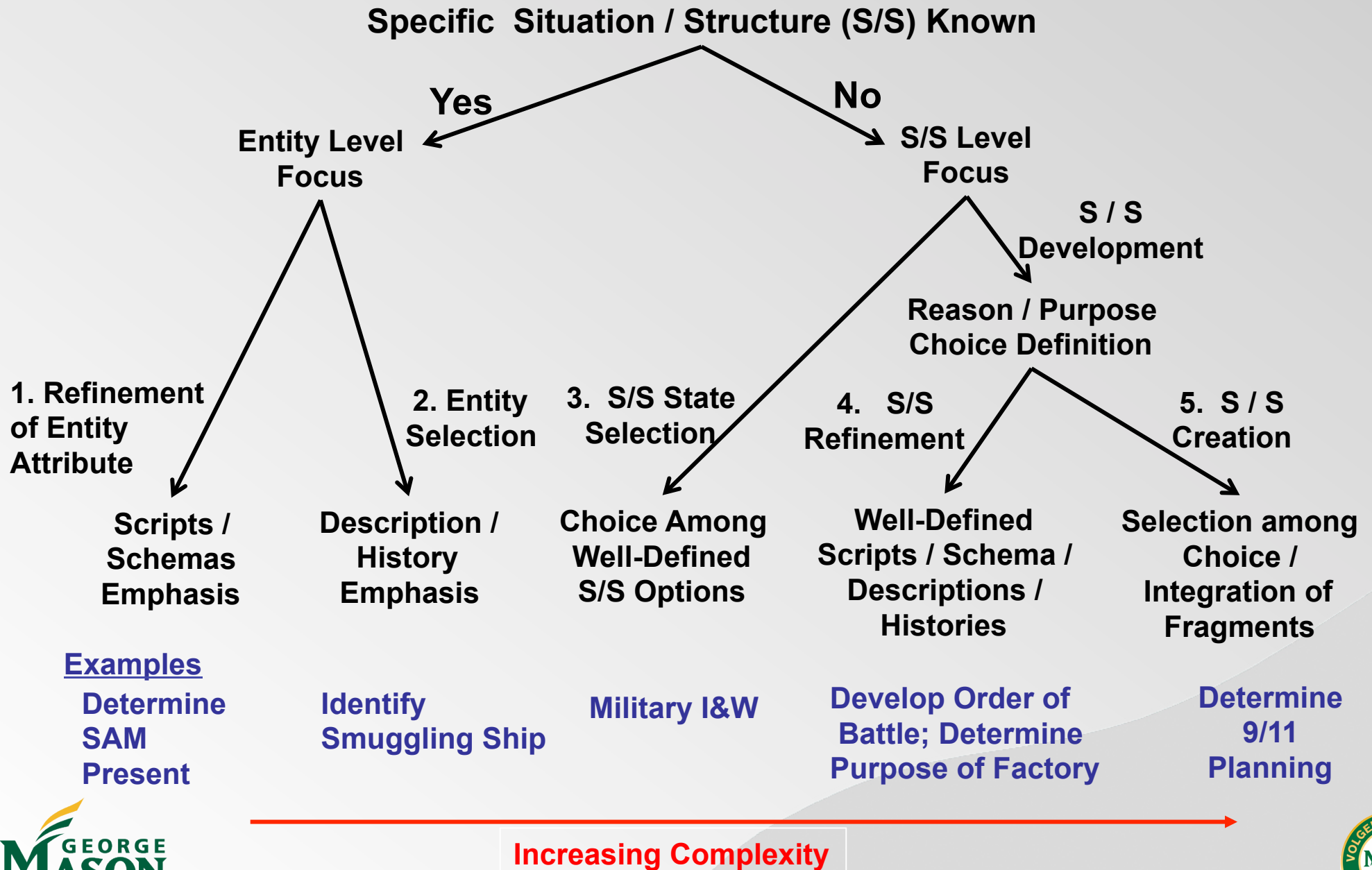


Creating a Level 2 HLIF Taxonomy: Sowa's Ontology

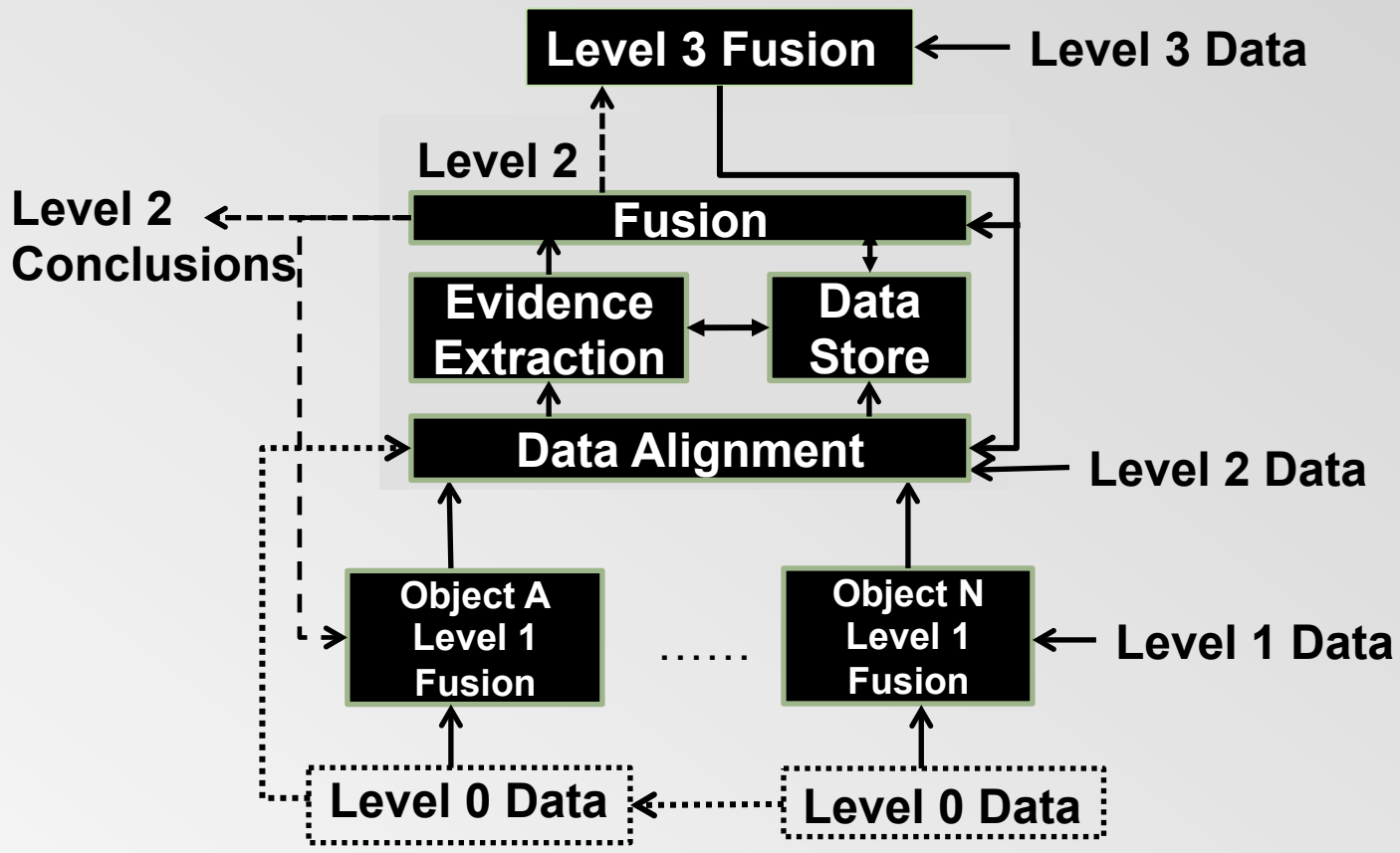
Relationships between Entities		Types of Entities				Level 1 ↓	Level 2 ↓
		Physical		Abstract			
		Continuant	Occurrent	Continuant	Occurrent		
Independent	Object	Process	Schema	Script			
Relative (Few / Focused)	Juncture	Participation	Description	History			
Mediating (Many / Interacting)	Structure	Situation	Reason	Purpose			

- ❖ Viewpoint matters – Airplane both an object and a structure
- ❖ Timescale matters – Ice cube as continuant and occurrent

Taxonomy of Level 2 HLIF Types



Level 2 Fusion Process Model

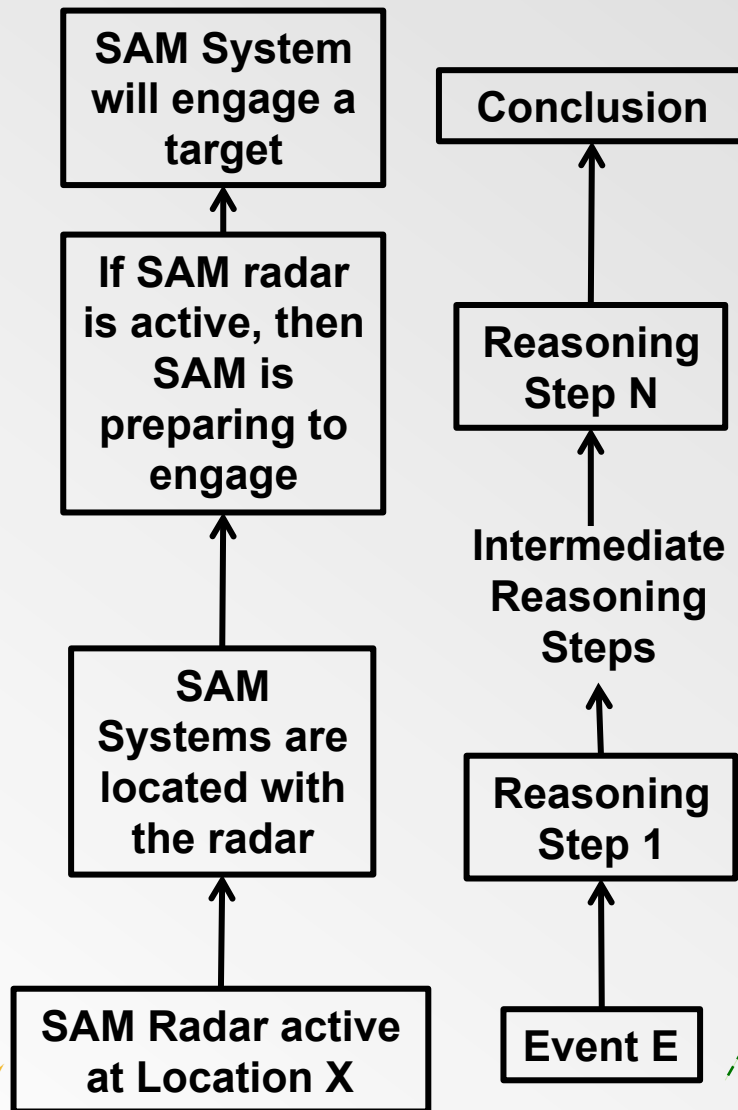


Uncertainty Areas

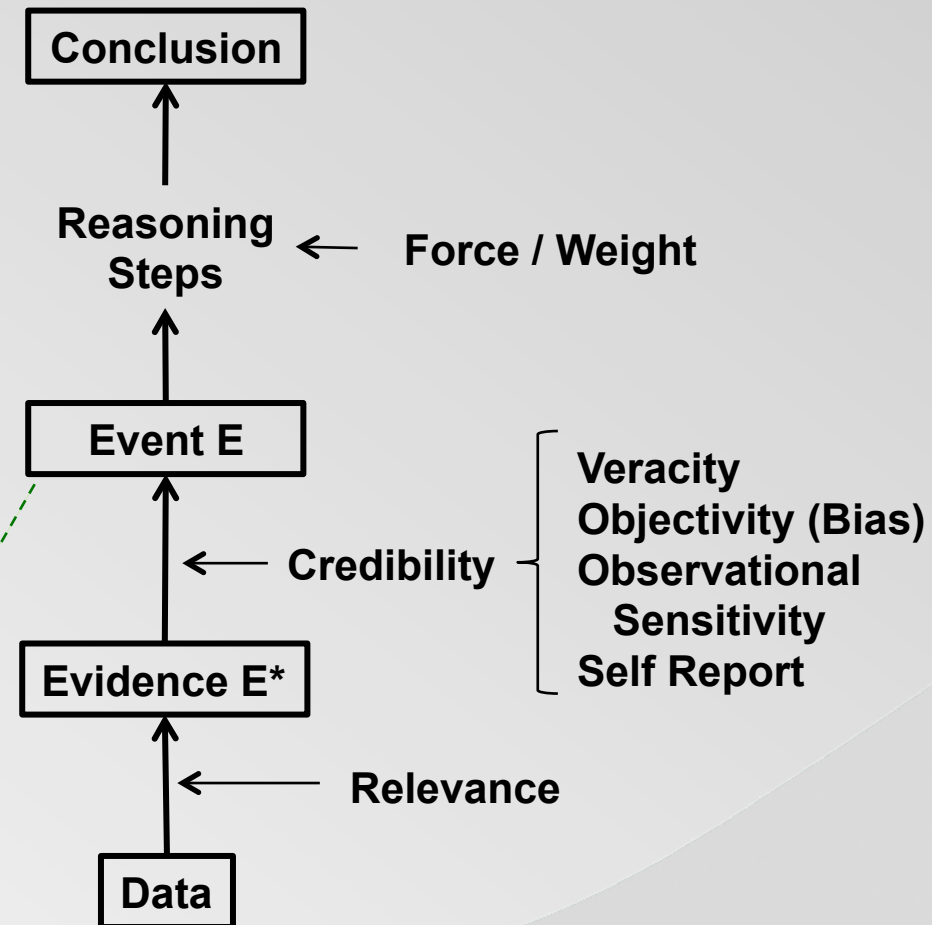
- ❖ Input (data) Uncertainty
- ❖ Process Uncertainty
- ❖ Representational Uncertainty
- ❖ Output Uncertainty

Input (Data) Uncertainty

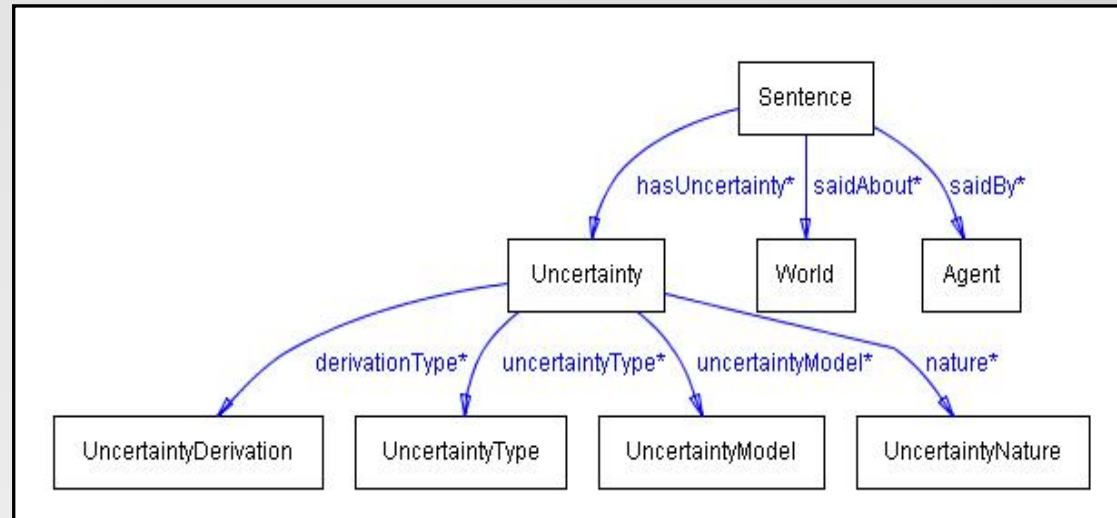
Basic Reasoning Steps



Uncertainty in the Data



Representation Uncertainty



❖ Uncertainty Derivation

- Objective
- Subjective

❖ Uncertainty Type

- Aleatory
- Epistemic

❖ Uncertainty Model

- Bayesian
- Dempster-Shaffer
- Possibility Theory
- Imprecise Probability
- Random Set Theory
- Fuzzy Theory / Rough

Sets

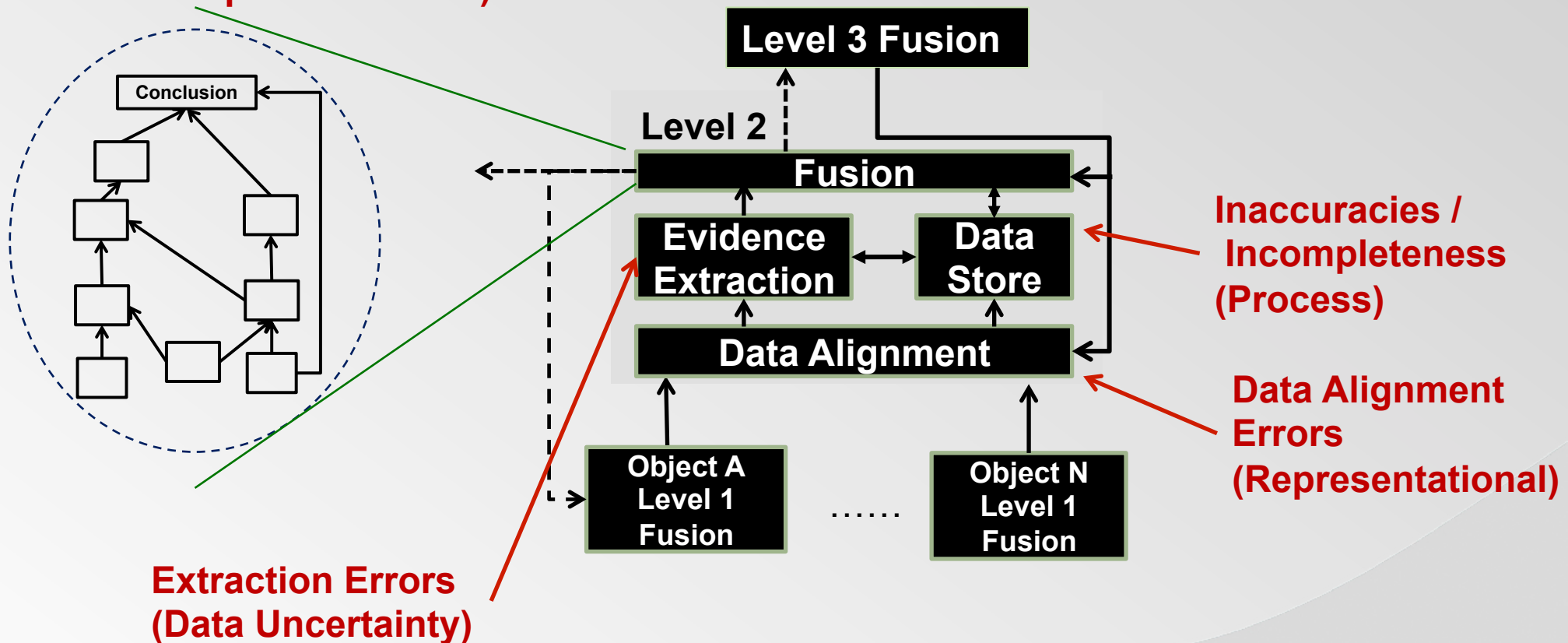
- Interval Theory
- Uncertainty Factors

❖ Uncertainty Nature

- Ambiguity
- Empirical
 - Random
- Vagueness
- Incompleteness
- Inconsistency

Process Uncertainty

Fusion Model Uncertainties (Process / Representational)



Output Uncertainty

- ❖ **Completeness of the hypothesis set**
 - Open versus closed world assumptions

Conclusion

❖ Uncertainty In the Fusion Process Model

